

ALABAMA WORKFORCE INVESTMENT SYSTEM

Department of Commerce
Workforce Development Division
401 Adams Avenue
Post Office Box 304103
Montgomery, Alabama 36103-4103

June 19, 2017

GOVERNOR'S WORKFORCE INNOVATION DIRECTIVE NO. PY 2016-13

SUBJECT: Program Year 2017/Fiscal Year 2018 Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Adult, Youth, and Dislocated Worker Allocations

- 1. Purpose.** This Directive transmits notice of local workforce development areas' PY 2017/FY 2018 WIOA Adult, Youth, and Dislocated Worker program allocations.
- 2. Discussion.** The Employment and Training Administration (ETA) of the U. S. Department of Labor (DOL) issued Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL) No. 27-16 a copy of which is Attachment 1 to this Directive, transmitting notice of the State's WIOA PY 2017/FY 2018 WIOA Youth, Adult, and Dislocated Worker allotments.

States operating under an approved WIOA State Plan will have the authority to expend their PY 2017 Youth funds, beginning April 1, 2017. This authority is provided under the WIOA Annual Funding Agreement. PY 2017 Adult and Dislocated Worker funds are available for State and local workforce development area expenditure beginning July 1, 2017. FY 2018 Adult and Dislocated Worker funds are available for State and local workforce development area expenditure beginning October 1, 2017.

All Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act funds, obligations and expenditures, must be tracked and reported separately for each of the funding streams and from all other funding sources.

While the Act allows for the Governor to withhold up to fifteen (15%), the Governor is only withholding twelve percent (12%) of PY 2017 and fifteen percent (12%) of FY 2017 Adult, Youth, and Dislocated Worker allotments at the state level for the conduct of WIOA Statewide Activities to include; state administration and other authorized activities. Funds (three percent (3%) that are normally withheld for local workforce development area performance incentive/capacity building awards) are being allocated this program year as part of the regular local workforce development area's allocation. Additionally, the Governor has authority to withhold up to twenty-five percent of the State's Dislocated Worker

program allotment for the conduct of Statewide Rapid Response activities. The State has elected not to withhold any funding for Rapid Response activities at this time.

Specific information regarding PY 2017/FY 2018 Governor's WIOA Setaside amounts is contained in this Directive in Attachment 2.

At least eighty percent of all local workforce development area funds, including any PY 2017/FY 2018 local workforce development area incentive/capacity building awards, must be obligated during PY 2017. WIOA section 133(b)(4) provides the authority for local workforce development areas, with approval of the Governor, to transfer up to one hundred percent (100%) of the Adult Activities funds to Dislocated Worker Activities, and up to one hundred percent (100%) of Dislocated Worker Activities funds to Adult Activities.

Each local workforce development area Adult/Dislocated Worker funds transfer request should be channeled through the appropriate modification to that local workforce development area's PY 2017 Grant Agreement Package. Such Grant Package modifications must include an appropriate transfer request justification narrative.

All WIOA fund allocations, distributions, and awards are subject to the continued availability of federal funds.

3. Action.

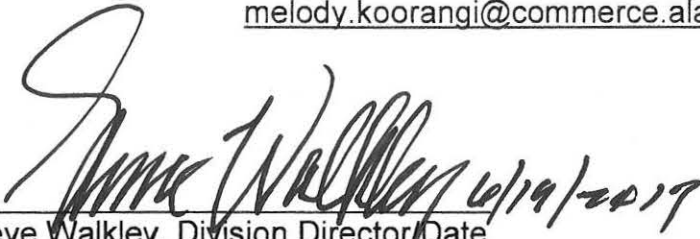
Local workforce development areas should utilize Attachment 2, Local Workforce Development Area Planning Allocation for Program Year 2017, when preparing their PY 2017/FY 2018 Grant Agreement Packages. The full amount of each local workforce development area's Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Youth allocations should be budgeted for PY 2017 (July 1, 2017 – June 30, 2018) expenditure. Local workforce development area PY 2017/FY 2018 Grant Agreement Packages should be submitted to the Workforce Development Division no later than July 21, 2017.

Local workforce development areas that elect to draw down their respective PY 2017 Youth allocations before their plans have been approved should submit a WIOA-60 (PY 2017 Youth Funds) to the Workforce Development Division, along with a cover letter under the local workforce development area grant recipient's signature, indicating the local workforce development area's intention to draw down the PY 2017 Youth funds.

Note that the Attachment 2 allocation summary breaks down the full local workforce development area Adult and Dislocated Worker allocations into Program Year and Fiscal Year components. Only the Program Year portion of local workforce development area Adult and Dislocated Worker allocations is available for expenditure on or after July 1, 2017. The Fiscal Year portion of local Workforce Development Area Adult and Dislocated Worker allocations, indicated under the Attachment 2 Fiscal Year column, is available for expenditure beginning October 1, 2017 and may not be used to pay for expenditures incurred prior to October 1, 2017.

4. Contact.

Any questions should be referred to Melody Koorangi, Supervisor, Program Integrity Section, at (334) 242-5175 or by email at melody.koorangi@commerce.alabama.gov.



Steve Walkley, Division Director/Date
Workforce Development Division

Attachments:

- 1: Training and Employment Guidance Letter No. 27-16
- 2: Local workforce development area Planning Allocation for Program Year 2017

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION ADVISORY SYSTEM U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Washington, D.C. 20210	CLASSIFICATION WIOA/Wagner-Peyser
	CORRESPONDENCE SYMBOL OWI
	DATE June 9, 2017

ADVISORY: TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT GUIDANCE LETTER NO. 27-16

TO: STATE WORKFORCE AGENCIES
ALL STATE WORKFORCE LIAISONS

FROM: BYRON ZUIDEMA
Deputy Assistant Secretary



SUBJECT: Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Adult, Dislocated Worker and Youth Activities Program Allotments for Program Year (PY) 2017; Final PY 2017 Allotments for the Wagner-Peyser Act Employment Service (ES) Program Allotments; and the Allotments of Workforce Information Grants to States for PY 2017

1. **Purpose.** To provide information to States and outlying areas on WIOA Title I Adult, Dislocated Worker and Youth Activities program allotments for PY 2017; final allotments for PY 2017 for the Wagner-Peyser ES Program, as required by section 6(b)(5) of the Wagner-Peyser Act, as amended; and the allotments of Workforce Information Grants to States for PY 2017.

2. **References.**

- Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017 (Pub. L. 115-31);
- Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act, as amended (Title II of Pub. L. 99-177);
- Budget Control Act of 2011 (Pub. L. 112-25);
- Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL) No. 21-12, *Updated Economically Disadvantaged Youth and Adult Data for use in Program Year (PY) 2013 and future Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Youth and Adult Within-State Allocation Formulas*;
- Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, as amended (Pub. L. 113-128);
- Wagner-Peyser Act, as amended (29 U.S.C. 49 et seq.);
- Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (Pub. L. 105-220);
- Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) (Pub. L. 97-300), as amended by the Job Training Reform Amendments of 1992 (Pub. L. 102-367);
- Compact of Free Association Amendments of 2003 (Pub. L. 108-188);
- TEGL No. 11-12, *Using Funds Authorized Under Section 7(a) of the Wagner-Peyser Act of 1933 for Intensive Services as Defined by the Workforce Investment Act*;
- TEGL No. 23-14, *Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Youth Program Transition*;
- TEGL No. 5-06, *Implementing the Salary and Bonus Limitations in Public Law 109-234*;

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- TEGL No. 2-16, *Revised ETA-9130 Financial Report, Instructions, and Additional Guidance*; and
- *Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) Technical Memorandum No. S-16-15*

3. **Background.** On May 5, 2017, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017, Pub. L. 115-31 was signed into law (from this point forward, referred to as “the Act”). The Act makes PY 2017 Youth Activities funds available for obligation in early April 2017. However, the Act funds the WIOA Adult and Dislocated Worker programs in two separate appropriations. The first appropriation becomes available for obligation on July 1, 2017; this portion is commonly referred to as the “base” funds. The second appropriation becomes available for obligation on October 1, 2017; this portion is commonly referred to as “advance” funds because they are provided in the appropriations act passed during the fiscal year immediately before the fiscal year when the funds are available. For example, funds for PY 2017 that will be made available on October 1, 2017 were appropriated during FY 2017, but not made available until FY 2018, and are called the FY 2018 “advance” funds. See Attachment A for details.

The Act, Division H, Title I, sec. 107, allows the Secretary of Labor (Secretary) to set aside up to 0.75 percent of most operating funds for evaluations. The evaluation provision is consistent with the Federal government’s priority on evidence-based policy and programming, providing opportunities to expand evaluations and demonstrations in the Department of Labor (Department) to build solid evidence about what works best. Funds are transferred to the Department’s Chief Evaluation Office to implement formal evaluations and demonstrations in collaboration with the Employment and Training Administration. For 2017, the Department has set aside 0.25 percent of the Training and Employment Services (TES) and State Unemployment Insurance and Employment Services Operations (SUIESO) appropriations. ETA spread the amount to be set aside from each appropriation across all of the programs funded by that appropriation with more than \$100 million in funding. This includes WIOA Adult, Youth and Dislocated Worker and Wagner-Peyser Employment Service program budgets.

The Act, Division H, Title I, sec. 106(b), allows the Secretary to set aside up to 0.5 percent of each discretionary appropriation for activities related to program integrity. For 2017, the Department set aside the full 0.5 percent of most discretionary appropriations, which reduced WIOA Adult, Youth, Dislocated Worker, Wagner-Peyser Employment Service and Workforce Information Grant program budgets.

The reductions for evaluations from the WIOA Adult and Dislocated Worker programs are applied to the FY 2018 “advance” funding levels; “base” funding is disseminated at the full amount appropriated in the Act. The reductions for program integrity are applied to “base” and “advance” funding separately.

The Act also specifies the following provisions:

- The Secretary may reserve not more than 10 percent of the Dislocated Worker National Reserve funds to provide technical assistance and carry out additional activities related to the transition to WIOA.

- In accordance with section 128(a)(1) of WIOA, the amount available for the Governor for Statewide workforce employment and training activities must not exceed 15 percent of the amount allotted to the State from each of the WIOA Youth, Adult, and Dislocated Worker, PY 2017 appropriations.
- Salary caps are imposed under the Act, Division H, Title I, sec. 105. No funds under the header "Employment and Training Administration" shall be used by a recipient or sub-recipient to pay the salary and/or bonus of an individual, either as direct costs or indirect costs, at a rate in excess of Executive Level II, currently \$187,000. States also may establish lower salary caps. See TEGL No. 5-06.

WIOA allotments for States are based on formula provisions contained in WIOA (for your information see Attachment B for WIOA and Wagner-Peyser formula descriptions). The Act waives the competition requirement contained in WIOA secs. 127(b)(1)(B)(ii), 132(b)(1)(A)(ii), and 132(b)(2)(A)(ii) regarding funding to outlying areas (i.e., American Samoa, Guam, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Republic of Palau, and the United States Virgin Islands). For PY 2017, outlying area grant amounts will be based on the administrative formula determined by the Secretary that was used under WIA.

WIOA specifically included the Republic of Palau as an outlying area, except during any period for which the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Education determine that a Compact of Free Association is in effect and contains provisions for training and education assistance prohibiting the assistance provided under WIOA. No such determinations prohibiting assistance have been made (WIOA sec. 3(45)(B)). WIOA updated the Compact of Free Association Amendments of 2003, Pub. L. 108-188 (December 17, 2003) so that the Republic of Palau remained eligible for WIOA Title I funding. See 48 U.S.C. 1921d(f)(1)(B)(ix). The Act, Division H, Title III, sec. 305 of Pub. L. 115-31 authorized WIOA Title I funding to Palau through FY 2017.

In addition to this TEGL, allotments and descriptions of the allotment formulas will be published in the Federal Register.

4. State WIOA Youth Activities Funds: Title I--Chapter 2--Youth Activities .

A. **State Allotments.** The appropriated level for PY 2017 for WIOA Youth Activities totals \$873,416,000. After reducing the appropriation by \$2,488,000 for evaluations and \$4,367,080 for program integrity, \$866,560,920 is available for Youth Activities, which includes \$12,998,414 for Native American grantees, \$851,428,600 for States, and \$2,133,906 for outlying areas. Note that under WIOA the basis for calculating the ¼ of 1 percent reserved for outlying areas is based on the total available for Youth Activities after the Native American reservation. The Native American reservation is calculated on the total available for Youth Activities. Attachment D contains a breakdown of the WIOA Youth Activities program allotments by State for PY 2017 and provides a comparison of these allotments to PY 2016. Please note that the Department will provide information on the Native American Youth allotments in a separate TEGL.

The Department has allotted the PY 2017 Youth Activities program allotments among the States in accordance with the factors required by WIOA. For reference, the three data factors that the Department considers in allocating these funds to the States are:

1. The average number of unemployed individuals for Areas of Substantial Unemployment (ASUs) for the 12-month period, July 2015 through June 2016, as prepared by the States under the direction of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS);
2. The number of excess unemployed individuals or the ASU excess (depending on which is higher) averages for the same 12-month period, July 2015 through June 2016; and
3. The number of disadvantaged youth (age 16 to 21), excluding college students in the workforce and military) from special tabulations of data from the American Community Survey (ACS). The data used in the special tabulations for disadvantaged youth were collected between January 1, 2006, and December 31, 2010.

Since the total amount available for States in PY 2017 is below the required \$1 billion threshold specified in WIOA sec. 127(b)(1)(C)(iv)(IV), which was also the case in PY 2016, the Department did not apply the WIOA additional minimum provisions (see Attachment B). Instead, as required by WIOA, the minimums of 90 percent of the prior year allotment percentage and 0.25 percent State minimum floor apply. This is the same methodology to set a floor on the annual variation in allotments as has been applied almost continuously for more than two decades. See sec. 262(b)(2) of the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) (Pub. L. 97-300), (as amended by sec. 207 of the Job Training Reform Amendments of 1992, Pub. L. 102-367); sec. 127(b)(1)(C)(iv)(IV) of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (Pub. L. 105-220). WIOA also provides that no State may receive an allotment that is more than 130 percent of the allotment percentage for the State for the previous year.

- B. PY 2017 Funding WIOA Agreement/Notice of Award (NOAs). Upon execution of the PY 2017 WIOA Annual Funding Agreement/NOA, Youth program funds will be available for States to use.
- C. Sub-State Allocations. States must distribute WIOA Youth Activities funds among local workforce areas (subject to reservation of the 15 percent limitation for statewide workforce employment and training activities as discussed in the Background Section of this TEGL) in accordance with the provisions of WIOA sec. 128 and their approved Unified or Combined WIOA State Plan. In allocating Youth Activities funds to local areas for PY 2017, States may use either the allocation formula described in WIOA sec.128(b)(2) or the discretionary allocation formula in WIOA sec. 128(b)(3), and ensure the State policy articulated in the approved State Plan remains consistent with this guidance. See **Attachment C** for a description of sub-state allocation formulas.

1. Allocation Formula. Thirty-three and 1/3 percent of the total funds available for local allocations are allocated based on each local area's relative share of each data factor listed below.
 - a. The relative number of unemployed individuals in Areas of Substantial Unemployment (ASUs) in each local area, compared to the total number of unemployed individuals in ASUs in all local areas in the State. For this factor, the time period for comparison is the 12-month period, July 2015 to June 2016.
 - b. The relative excess number of unemployed individuals in each local area, compared to the total excess number of unemployed individuals in all local areas in the State. See the definition of "excess number" below which requires a comparison of the excess unemployed in ASUs with excess unemployed in all areas. For this factor, the time period for comparison is the 12-month period, July 2015 to June 2016.
 - c. The relative number of disadvantaged youth (age 16 to 21, excluding college students in the workforce and military), in each local area, compared to the total number of disadvantaged Youth in all local areas in the State. The number of disadvantaged youth come from special tabulations of data from the American Community Survey (ACS) prepared in accordance with the definition provided in WIOA. The data were collected between January 1, 2006 and December 31, 2010.

For purposes of identifying ASUs for the Youth Activities sub-state allocation formula, States should use data made available by BLS (as described in LAUS Technical Memorandum No. S-16-15).

The term "excess number" means, used with respect to the excess number of unemployed individuals within a local area, the higher of (i) the number that represents the number of unemployed individuals in excess of 4.5 percent of the civilian labor force in the local area; or (ii) the number that represents the number of unemployed individuals in excess of 4.5 percent of the civilian labor force in ASUs in such local area.

For purposes of determining the number of disadvantaged Youth for the sub-state Youth formula, States should use the special tabulations of American Community Survey (ACS) data available at <http://www.doleta.gov/budget/disadvantagedYouthAdults.cfm>. See TEGL No. 21-12 for further information.

States must utilize a minimum percentage (or stop loss) to ensure that no local area receives an allocation percentage that is less than 90 percent of the average allocation percentage received by the local area for the previous two years. An allocation percentage is the local area's share or percentage of funds allocated to all local areas.

States should **not** use 90 percent of the average *amount* allocated to the local area for the last two years. Amounts necessary to increase allocations to local areas to comply with the minimum percentage requirement must be obtained by proportionately reducing the allocations to be made to other local areas.

States must not use a maximum percentage (or stop gain).

2. Discretionary Formula. Alternatively, a State may use a discretionary formula. When using a discretionary formula, a State distributes a portion that is at least 70 percent of the funds according to the allocation formula described in subparagraph 4.C.1 of this TEGL, and the remainder on the basis of a formula that incorporates additional factors relating to:
 - a. excess youth poverty in urban, rural, and suburban areas; **and**
 - b. excess unemployment above the State average in urban, rural, and suburban local areas.

Of the portion of funds distributed according to the allocation formula described in subparagraph 1, a State must not assign unequal percentages to the ASU, excess unemployment, and economically disadvantaged data factors. These three data factors carry equal weights of 33 1/3 percent.

Of the remainder, States may determine the percentage to allocate to data factors reflecting excess youth poverty and excess unemployment above the state average.

States also have flexibility in choosing what data they want to use related to youth poverty and excess unemployment above the state average. States **may not** reuse the allocation formula data factors (ASU, excess unemployment, and disadvantaged youth) to distribute the remainder. Using data factors such as high school drop-out rate may be an acceptable reflection of youth poverty, but the State must articulate how such factors relate to youth poverty in the State Plan.

For the portion of funds distributed according to the allocation formula (which represent at least 70 percent of the distributed funds), the State must employ the minimum percentage (or stop loss), as described in subparagraph 1 on the allocation formula. The State may choose whether or not to also apply the minimum percentage to the remainder portion of funds that the State distributes according to the discretionary formula (which represent not more than 30 percent of the distributed funds).

The discretionary formula must be developed by the State Board and approved by the Secretary as part of the State Plan.

- D. Transfers of Funds. Local workforce areas do not have the authority to transfer funds to or from the Youth Activities program.

E. Re-allotment of Funds. WIOA sec. 127(c) requires the Secretary of Labor to recapture and reallocate Youth Activities program formula funds based on State obligation levels at the end of the first program year of use (ETA reallocates in accordance with 20 CFR 683.150). PY 2016 funds are only available for Federal obligation until the end of the program year, and so the Secretary does not have authority to reobligate PY 2016 funds after the first program year. Therefore, any reallocation of funds requires the use of PY 2017 funds. In other words, recapture and reallocation of PY 2017 funds is based on obligation levels of PY 2016 funds at the end of PY 2016.

1. The obligation threshold a State must meet to avoid recapture under WIOA sec. 127(c)(2) is 80 percent. The term obligation is defined at 2 CFR 200.71. The funds that a State allocates to a local area are State obligations. WIOA requires States to allocate at least 85 percent of Youth Activities funds to local areas. Therefore, by making the required local allocations, the State has obligated more than 80 percent of its PY 2016 funds and no further action is required regarding reallocation of PY 2017 funds.
2. Allocations to the local areas are reported on the Local Youth ETA 9130 (B) financial reports, along with obligations by local areas of those funds.

F. Small State Minimum Allotment States. WIOA sec. 129(a)(4)(B) allows a State that receives a small state minimum allotment under WIOA sec. 127(b)(1) (relating to the youth formula program) or 132(b)(1) (relating to the adult formula program) to submit a request for approval to the Department to decrease the percentage of funds spent on out-of-school youth to not less than 50 percent in a local area. To determine if a State receives a small state minimum allotment, review the PY 2017 columns in Attachments D and E. States that meet the criteria for PY 2017 as a minimum allotment State are those states that receive a PY 2017 WIOA Youth allotment of \$2,128,564 or receive a PY 2017 WIOA Adult allotment of \$2,017,823.

5. **State Adult Employment and Training Activities Funds: Title I--Chapter 3--Adult and Dislocated Worker Employment and Training Activities.**

A. State Allotments. The total appropriated funds for Adult Activities in PY 2017 is \$815,556,000. After reducing the appropriated amount by \$2,323,000 for evaluations and \$4,077,780 for program integrity, \$809,155,220 remains for Adult Activities, of which \$807,132,332 is for States and \$2,022,888 is for outlying areas. Attachment E shows the PY 2017 Adult Employment and Training Activities allotments and a State by State comparison of the PY 2017 allotments to PY 2016 allotments.

The three formula data factors that the Department uses to distribute WIOA Adult Activities funds among the States are the same as those used for the Youth Activities formula, except that data is used for the number of disadvantaged adults (age 22 to 72, excluding college students in the workforce and military), rather than the number of disadvantaged youth. Since the total amount available for the Adult Activities program

for States in PY 2017 is below the required \$960 million threshold specified in WIOA sec. 132(b)(1)(B)(iv)(IV), as was also the case in PY 2016, the WIOA additional minimum provisions (See Attachment B) are not applicable. Instead, as required by WIOA, the minimums of 90 percent of the prior year allotment percentage and 0.25 percent State minimum floor apply. As noted above, this is the same methodology to set a floor on the annual variation in allotments as has been applied almost continuously for more than two decades, under both JTPA and WIA. Also, like for the Youth program, WIOA also provides that no State may receive an allotment that is more than 130 percent of the previous year allotment percentage for the State.

- B. PY 2017 Funding WIOA Agreement/Notice of Award (NOAs). For PY 2017, Congress appropriated funds for this program in two portions: \$103,556,000 is available for obligation on July 1, 2017 (PY 2017), and \$712,000,000 available for obligation on October 1, 2017 (FY 2018). After reductions associated with evaluations and program integrity, the amount available for Adult Activities on July 1, 2017 (PY 2017) is \$103,038,220 and on October 1, 2017 is \$706,117,000. The Department prorated allotments to States and outlying areas based on these total amounts and will issue two NOAs (subject to the state submitting an approved state plan under secs. 102 or 103 of WIOA): one for July 1, 2017, under the PY 2017 WIOA grant agreement, and the other for October 1, 2017, also under the PY 2017 WIOA grant agreement (see Attachment F).
- C. Sub-State Allocations. States must distribute WIOA Adult Activities funds for PY 2017 allotments among local workforce areas (subject to reservation of the 15 percent limitation for statewide employment and training activities) in accordance with the provisions in WIOA section 133 and the approved State Plan. The 15 percent which may be retained for statewide activities must be calculated on the total allotment for PY 2017.

In allocating WIOA Adult funds to local areas for PY 2017, States may use either the allocation formula described in WIOA sec. 133(b)(2)(A) or the discretionary allocation formula in WIOA sec. 133(b)(3). Also, States must ensure the State policy articulated in the approved State Plan remains consistent with this guidance. **See Attachment C** for a description of sub-state allocation formulas.

1. Allocation Formula. Thirty-three and 1/3 percent of the total funds available for local allocations are allocated based on each local area's relative share of each data factor listed below.
 - a. The relative number of unemployed individuals in ASUs in each local area, compared to the total number of unemployed individuals in ASUs in all local areas in the State. For this factor, the time period for comparison is the 12-month period, July 2015 to June 2016.
 - b. The relative excess number of unemployed individuals in each local area, compared to the total excess number of unemployed individuals in all local areas in the State. See the definition of "excess number" below which requires

a comparison of the excess unemployed in ASUs with excess unemployed in all areas. For this factor, the time period for comparison is the 12-month period, July 2015 to June 2016.

- c. The relative number of disadvantaged adults (age 22 to 72, excluding college students in the workforce and military) in each local area, compared to the total number of disadvantaged adults in all local areas in the State. The data used in the special tabulations for disadvantaged adults were collected between January 1, 2006 and December 31, 2010.

For purposes of identifying ASUs for the Adult Activities sub-state allocation formula, States should use data made available by BLS (as described in LAUS Technical Memorandum No. S-16-15).

The term “excess number” means, used with respect to the excess number of unemployed individuals within a local area, the higher of (i) the number that represents the number of unemployed individuals in excess of 4.5 percent of the civilian labor force in the local area; or (ii) the number that represents the number of unemployed individuals in excess of 4.5 percent of the civilian labor force in ASUs in such local area.

For purposes of determining the number of disadvantaged adults for the sub-state Adult formula, States should use the special tabulations of ACS data available at <https://www.doleta.gov/budget/disadvantagedYouthAdults.cfm>. See TEGl No. 21-12 for further information.

States must utilize a minimum percentage (or stop loss) to ensure that no local area receives an allocation percentage that is less than 90 percent of the average allocation percentage of the local area for the previous two years. An allocation percentage is the local area’s share or percentage of funds allocated to all local areas. States should **not** use 90 percent of the average *amount* allocated to the local area for the last two years. Amounts necessary to increase allocations to local areas to comply with the minimum percentage requirement must be obtained by proportionately reducing the allocations to be made to other local areas.

States must not use a maximum percentage (or stop gain).

2. Discretionary Formula. Alternatively, a State may use a discretionary formula. When using a discretionary formula, a State distributes a portion that is at least 70 percent of the funds according to the allocation formula described in subparagraph 5.C.1. of this TEGl and the remainder on the basis of a formula that incorporates additional factors related to:
 - a. excess poverty in urban, rural, and suburban areas, **and**
 - b. excess unemployment above the State average in urban, rural, and suburban local areas.

Of the portion of funds distributed according to the allocation formula described in subparagraph 1, a State must not assign unequal percentages to the ASU, excess unemployment, and disadvantaged data factors. These three data factors carry equal weights of 33 1/3 percent.

Of the remainder, States may determine the percentage to allocate to data factors reflecting excess poverty and excess unemployment above the state average.

States also have flexibility in choosing the data they want to use related to poverty and excess unemployment above the state average. States may not reuse the allocation formula data factors (ASU, excess unemployment, and disadvantaged adults) to distribute the remainder. Using data factors not directly describing poverty or excess unemployment may be acceptable, but the State must articulate how such factors relate to the statutory requirements in the State Plan.

The discretionary formula must also employ a minimum percentage, as described in subparagraph 1 on the allocation formula. The minimum percentage may be applied to the 70 percent (or greater) portion or to the entire allocation.

The discretionary formula must be developed by the State Board and approved by the Secretary as part of the State Plan.

- D. Transfers of Funds. WIOA sec. 133(b)(4) provides the authority for local workforce areas, with approval of the Governor, to expend up to 100 percent of the Adult Activities funds on Dislocated Worker Activities, and up to 100 percent of Dislocated Worker Activities funds on Adult Activities.
- E. Re-allotment of Funds. WIOA sec. 132(c) requires the Secretary of Labor to recapture and reallocate Adult Activities program formula funds based on State obligation levels at the end of the first program year of use (ETA reallocates in accordance with 20 CFR 683.150). PY 2016 funds are only available for Federal obligation until the end of the program year, and so the Secretary does not have authority to re-obligate PY 2016 funds after the first program year. Therefore, any re-allotment of funds requires the use of PY 2017 funds. In other words, re-allotment of PY 2017 funds is based on obligation levels of PY 2016 funds at the end of PY 2016.
1. The obligation threshold a State must meet to avoid recapture under WIOA sec. 132(c)(2) is 80 percent. The term obligation is defined at 2 CFR 200.71. The funds that a State allocates to a local area are State obligations. WIOA requires States to allocate at least 85 percent of Adult Activities funds to local areas. Therefore, by making the required local allocations, the State has obligated more than 80 percent of its PY 2016 funds and no further action is required regarding re-allotment of PY 2017 funds.

2. Allocations to the local areas are reported on the Local Adult ETA 9130 (D) financial reports, along with obligations by local areas of those funds.

6. State Dislocated Worker Employment and Training Funds: Title I-- Chapter 3- Adult and Dislocated Worker Employment and Training Activities

The amount appropriated for Dislocated Worker Activities in PY 2017 totals \$1,241,719,000. The total appropriation includes formula funds for the States, while the National Reserve is used for National Dislocated Worker Grants, technical assistance and training, demonstration projects, and the outlying areas' Dislocated Worker allotments. After reducing the appropriated amount by \$3,536,000 for evaluations and \$6,208,595 for program integrity, a total of \$1,231,974,405 remains available for Dislocated Worker Activities. The amount available for outlying areas is \$3,079,936, leaving \$216,046,769 for the National Reserve and a total of \$1,012,847,700 available for States.

- A. State Allotments. Attachment G shows the PY 2017 Dislocated Worker Activities allotments and a State by State comparison of the PY 2017 allotments to PY 2016 allotments.

WIOA prescribes different data factors for the federal allotment of Dislocated Worker funds by the Department to the States, and for the sub-state allocation of Dislocated Worker funds by the Governor within a State. The Department has allotted the PY 2017 Dislocated Worker State program allotments among the States in accordance with the factors required by WIOA. For reference, the three data factors that the Department considers in allocating these funds to the States are:

1. The relative number of unemployed individuals in each State, compared to the total excess number of unemployed individuals in all States. For this factor, the time period for comparison is the 12-month period, October 2015 through September 2016.
2. The relative excess number of individuals in each State, compared to the total excess number of unemployed individuals in all States. For this factor, the time period for comparison is the 12-month period, October 2015 through September 2016. No comparison to ASU excess is required for this data factor.
3. The relative number of individuals in each State who have been unemployed for 15 weeks or more, compared to the total number of individuals in all States who have been unemployed for 15 weeks or more. For this factor, the time period for comparison is the 12-month period, October 2015 through September 2016.

WIOA sec. 132(b)(2)(B)(iii)(I) required the Dislocated Worker formula to adopt a 90 percent minimum of the prior year allotment percentage. WIOA also provides that no State may receive an allotment that is more than 130 percent of the allotment percentage for the State for the previous year under section 132(b)(2)(B)(iii)(II).

- B. PY 2017 Funding WIOA Agreement/NOAs. For PY 2017, Congress appropriated funds for this program in two portions for both formula funds and National Reserve funds. For State formula funds, \$160,860,000 is available for obligation on July 1, 2017 (PY 2017), and \$860,000,000 is available for obligation on October 1, 2017 (FY 2018). For the National Reserve, which includes funds for the outlying areas, \$20,859,000 is available for obligation on July 1, 2017 (PY 2017), and \$200,000,000 is available for obligation on October 1, 2017 (FY 2018). After reductions associated with evaluations and program integrity the amount available for State formula funds on July 1, 2017 is \$106,055,700 and on October 1, 2017 is \$852,792,000. For the National Reserve, the amount available on July 1, 2017 is reduced to 20,754,705 and on October 1, 2017 is \$198,372,000. Allotments to States and outlying areas are prorated based on the two amounts for formula funds and National Reserve, respectively. Allotments will be issued in two NOAs (subject to the State submitting an approved state plan under sections 102 or 103 of WIOA): one for July 1, 2017, under the PY 2017 WIOA grant agreement, and the other for October 1, 2017, also under the PY 2017 WIOA grant agreement (see Attachment H).
- C. Sub-State Allocations. States will distribute Dislocated Worker Activities funds for PY 2017 among local workforce areas (subject to the Governor's reservation of up to 25 percent for statewide Rapid Response activities under WIOA sec. 133(a)(2) and the 15 percent limitation for statewide employment and training activities as discussed in the Background Section of this TEGL), in accordance with the provisions in WIOA section 133 and the approved State Plan. States must calculate the 15 percent which may be retained for statewide activities on the total allotment for PY 2017.

In allocating WIOA Dislocated Worker funds to local areas for PY 2017, States must ensure the State policy articulated in the approved State Plan remains consistent with this guidance. See Attachment C for a description of sub-state allocation formulas.

Governors continue to prescribe the Dislocated Worker formula for sub-state allocations. Under WIOA the data factors that must be included have not changed from those under WIA, and are:

- insured unemployment data,
- unemployment concentrations,
- plant closing and mass layoff data,
- declining industries data,
- farmer-rancher economic hardship data, and
- long-term unemployment data.

A State may assign zero weight to a factor only where the State is able to demonstrate it does not have an appropriate data source to accurately reflect State needs for a given data factor. For example, the plant closing and mass layoff data, one of the six data factors WIOA requires, is no longer produced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. We recognize that an accurate source of such data is no longer available at the national

level. Some States have sub-state administrative data available and others do not. In order to assign a weight of zero to a data factor, such as the plant closing and mass layoff data factor, the State must include the following information in their State Plan:

- An inventory of available national or State-level data sources germane to the data factor;
- A discussion of why the available data sources are inadequate for the purposes of assigning a weight to a given data factor; and
- A description of how the Governor's formula is appropriate to equitably distribute funds throughout the State.

(Note that weighting a data factor at zero percent is not allowable under any other circumstance.)

WIOA requires the use of a minimum percentage (or stop loss) (see WIOA sec. 133(b)(2)(B)(iii)). A local workforce area must receive an **allocation percentage that is no less than 90 percent** of the average allocation percentage of the local area for the two preceding years. In the event of a shortage of funds, the amounts necessary to increase the allocations to local areas to comply with this provision must be obtained by proportionately reducing the allocations to other local areas. The minimum percentage methodology States use for Dislocated Worker funds is the same minimum percentage methodology used in the sub-state Youth and Adult allocation formulas. States are not required to use a maximum percentage (or stop gain), but may use one if desired.

- D. Transfers of Funds. WIOA sec. 133(b)(4) provides the authority for local workforce areas, with approval of the Governor, to expend up to 100 percent of the Adult Activities funds on Dislocated Worker Activities, and up to 100 percent of Dislocated Worker Activities funds on Adult Activities.
- E. Re-allotment of Funds. WIOA sec. 132(c) requires the Secretary of Labor to recapture and reallocate Dislocated Worker program formula funds based on State obligation levels at the end of the first program year of use (ETA reallocates in accordance with 20 CFR 683.150). PY 2016 funds are only available for Federal obligation until the end of the program year, and so the Secretary does not have authority to re-obligate PY 2016 funds after the first program year. Therefore, any re-allotment of funds requires the use of PY 2017 funds. In other words, the Department will reallocate PY 2017 Dislocated Worker formula funds among States during PY 2017 based on State obligations of PY 2016 funds made during PY 2016.
1. WIOA sec. 134(a)(2)(A)(ii) gives States the flexibility to use PY 2016 Rapid Response funds that are not obligated by the end of PY 2016 for statewide activities. Per WIOA sec. 132(c), States must still obligate 80 percent of their PY 2016 Dislocated Worker program formula funds, which includes Rapid Response funds, by June 30, 2017 or potentially have PY 2017 funds recaptured and re-allotted to States who have obligated 80 percent of their PY 2016 funds.

2. The term obligation is defined at 2 CFR 200.71. The funds a State allocates to local areas are State obligations. Allocations to the local areas are reported on the Local Dislocated Worker ETA 9130 (F) financial reports, along with obligations by local areas of those funds.
7. **Wagner-Peyser ES Final Allotments.** The appropriated level for PY 2017 for grants for the ES programs totals was \$671,413,000. After reducing the appropriation by \$1,826,000 for evaluations and \$3,357,065 for program integrity, \$666,229,935 is available for the ES programs. After determining the funding for Guam and the United States Virgin Islands, ETA calculates allotments to States using the formula set forth at section 6 of the Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. 49e). ETA based PY 2017 formula allotments on each State's share of calendar year 2016 monthly averages of the Civilian Labor Force (CLF) and unemployment. The distribution of Wagner-Peyser Act funds for PY 2017 includes \$664,605,898 for States, as well as \$1,624,037 for Guam and the United States Virgin Islands. Attachment I shows the distribution of PY 2017 ES formula amounts by State compared to PY 2016.

Section 7(a) of the Wagner-Peyser Act (49 U.S.C. § 49 f(a)) authorizes States to use 90 percent of the funds allotted to a State for labor exchange services, and other career services such as job search and placement services to job seekers; appropriate recruitment services for employers; program evaluations; developing and providing labor market and occupational information; developing management information systems; and administering the work test for unemployment insurance claimants.

Section 7(b) of the Wagner-Peyser Act (49 U.S.C. § 49f(b)), states that 10 percent of the funds allotted to a State must be reserved for use by the Governor to provide performance incentives for public employment service offices and programs, provide services for groups with special needs, and provide for the extra costs of exemplary models for delivering services of the type described in section 7(a).

8. **Workforce Information Grants (WIGs).** Total funds for PY 2017 are \$32,000,000. After reducing the total by \$160,000 for program integrity, \$31,840,000 is available for Workforce Information Grants. Funds are distributed to States by administrative formula with \$176,416 for Guam and the United States Virgin Islands. Guam and the United States Virgin Islands allotment amounts are partially based on Civilian Labor Force (CLF) data from the BLS Current Population Study. The remaining funds are distributed to the States with 40 percent distributed equally to all States, and 60 percent distributed based on each State's share of the CLF for the 12 months ending September 2016. The allotment figures are listed in Attachment J.
9. **Submission Requirements.** In order to achieve greater efficiency and as part of ETA's ongoing effort to streamline the mandatory grant award process, all States and outlying areas are required to submit an electronically signed copy of an SF- 424, Application for Federal Assistance, through Grants.gov for **each** WIOA funding stream under Funding Opportunity Numbers (henceforth, in sections 9 through 11 of this TEGL, references to "States" shall be read to include outlying areas):

- **ETA-TEGL-PY-YOUTH-2017** [CFDA 17.259]
- **ETA-TEGL-PY-FY-ADULT-2017** [CFDA 17.258]
- **ETA-TEGL-PY-FY-DW-2017** [CFDA 17.278]

An electronically submitted SF-424 through Grants.gov constitutes an official signed document and must reflect the amount for **each** WIOA funding stream (Youth, Adult, and Dislocated Worker). The closing date for receipt of **each** SF-424 is **July 3, 2017**. The WIOA Youth funds will be awarded as SF-424s are received from grantees during the period of June 8, 2017 through July 3, 2017. The PY 2017 “base” allotment of WIOA Adult and Dislocated Worker funds will be awarded during the period of availability beginning July 2017. The FY 2018 “advance” allotment will be awarded in the period of availability starting October 2017. *A copy of the executed PY 2017 WIOA Agreement will be available upon award of funds.*

All States must submit an electronically signed SF-424, Application for Federal Assistance, through Grants.gov for **each** ES funding program under Funding Opportunity Numbers:

- **ETA-TEGL-ES-2017** [CFDA 17.207]
- **ETA-TEGL-WIG-2017** [CFDA 17.207]

Note that WIGs have specific grant deliverable requirements not outlined in this document. A forthcoming TEGL will list these grant deliverable requirements. States should follow the instructions in this TEGL to receive WIGs funding, including submission of SF-424s.

An electronically submitted SF-424 through Grants.gov constitutes an official signed document and must reflect the amount for **each** ES program (Wagner-Peyser ES Program and Workforce Information Grants). The closing date for receipt of **each** SF-424 is **July 14, 2017**. The Wagner-Peyser Employment Service Program and Workforce Information Grant funds will be awarded in July 2017. *A copy of the executed PY 2017 ES Agreement will be available upon award of funds.*

10. **Grants.gov Submission Process.** To submit the required SF-424s, States must follow the “Apply for Grants” link on Grants.gov, and download the grant application package links. States should **not** follow the “Find Grants” link, which pertains only to competitive funding opportunities.

Each SF-424 must reflect the exact amount of the designated State allotment in item #18, Estimated Funding. Item #11 must include the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number for the applicable Funding Opportunity.

This process can be complicated and time-consuming. As such, the Department strongly encourages States to initiate the process as soon as possible and to allow for time to resolve technical problems if necessary. The Department strongly recommends that States immediately initiate and complete the “Get Registered” registration steps at

<http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/register.html>. States should read through the registration process carefully before registering. These steps may take as much as four weeks to complete, and this time should be factored into plans for electronic submission in order to avoid unexpected delays that could result in the rejection of an application. The site also contains registration checklists to help you walk through the process. The Department strongly recommends that States download the "Organization Registration Checklist" at <http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/organization-registration.html> and prepare the information requested before beginning the registration process. Reviewing and assembling required information before beginning the registration process will alleviate last minute searches for required information and save time.

All applicants for Federal grant and funding opportunities are required to have a Data Universal Numbering System (D-U-N-S®) number, and must supply their D-U-N-S® number on the SF-424. Before submitting, States must register with the System for Award Management (SAM), which has replaced the Central Contractor Registry (CCR). Instructions for registering with SAM can be found at <https://www.sam.gov>. An awardee must maintain an active SAM registration with current information at all times during which it has an active Federal award or an application under consideration. To remain registered in the SAM database after the initial registration, there is a requirement to review and update the registration at least every 12 months from the date of initial registration or subsequently update the information in the SAM database to ensure it is current, accurate, and complete. Failure to register with SAM and maintain an active account will result in Grants.gov rejecting your submission.

The next step in the registration process is creating a username and password with Grants.gov to become an Authorized Organizational Representative (AOR). AORs will need to know the D-U-N-S® number of the organization for which they will be submitting applications to complete this process. To read more detailed instructions for creating a profile on Grants.gov visit: <http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/organization-registration/step-3-username-password.html>.

After creating a profile on Grants.gov, the E-Biz point of Contact (E-Biz POC) - a representative from your organization who is the contact listed for SAM - will receive an email to grant the AOR permission to submit applications on behalf of their organization. The E-Biz POC will then log in to Grants.gov and approve an applicant as the AOR, thereby giving him or her permission to submit applications. To learn more about AOR authorization visit: <http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/organization-registration/step-4-aor-authorization.html>.

To track AOR status visit:

<http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/organization-registration/step-5-track-aor-status.html>.

Submitting through Grants.gov constitutes an electronically signed SF-424, Application for Federal Assistance. The registration and account creation with Grants.gov, with E-Biz POC approval, establishes an AOR. When you submit the SF-424 through Grants.gov, the name of your AOR on file will be inserted into the signature line. States must register the individual who is able to make legally binding commitments as the AOR.

If States encounter a problem with Grants.gov and do not find an answer in any of the other resources, call 1-800-518-4726 or 606-545-5035 to speak to a Customer Support Representative or email support@grants.gov. The Contact Center is open 24 hours a day, seven days a week. It is closed on federal holidays.

States should e-mail all submission questions to Tammy Edwards Grants Management Specialist, at Edwards.Tammy.A@dol.gov and must reference the specific Funding Opportunity Number, and along with question(s), include a contact name, email address, and phone number.

11. **Reporting.** For the WIOA formula programs, States are required to submit the seven designated WIOA quarterly financial status reports covering funds received for each of the programs (including separate reports for each of the fund year periods for the Adult and Dislocated Worker Activities programs, July 1 funds and October 1 funds). These seven WIOA quarterly financial reports cover financial data for Statewide Youth, Statewide Adult, Statewide Dislocated Worker, Statewide Rapid Response (Dislocated Worker Activities), local Youth, local Adult, and local Dislocated Worker activities. The Department also requires States to submit the designated financial reports each quarter for the Wagner-Peyser Act funds and the Workforce Information Grant funds.

Guidance and instructions can be found in TEGL No. 2-16, *Revised ETA-9130 Financial Report, Instructions, and Additional Guidance*, at the following link:
https://wdr.doleta.gov/directives/corr_doc.cfm?DOCN=5156

12. **Inquiries.** Questions regarding these allotments may be directed to the appropriate Regional Office. Information on allotments and planning requirements may also be found on the ETA Web site at <http://www.doleta.gov>.

13. **Attachments.**

- A. Program Year 2017 Funding
- B. WIOA and Wagner-Peyser Statutory Formula Descriptions for State Allotments
- C. WIOA Statutory and Discretionary Formulas for Sub-State Allocations
- D. WIOA Youth Activities Allotments, PY 2017 vs PY 2016
- E. WIOA Adult Activities Allotments, PY 2017 vs PY 2016
- F. WIOA Adult Activities PY 2017 Allotments, July 1 and October 1 Funding

- G. WIOA Dislocated Worker Activities Allotments,
PY 2017 vs. PY 2016
- H. WIOA Dislocated Worker Activities PY 2017 Allotments,
July 1 and October 1 Funding
- I. Employment Service (Wagner-Peyser) Allotments,
PY 2017 vs PY 2016
- J. Workforce Information Grants Allotments,
PY 2017 vs PY 2016

The Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (Public Law 113-128) *

PROGRAM YEAR 2017 FUNDING

*PY 2017 WIOA funding is made available through the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017 (Public Law 115-31) dated May 5, 2017 and released on April 1, 2017, July 1, 2017, and October 1, 2017. It maintains the amount available for Statewide Activities at 15% ** Pursuant to the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017, ETA transferred 25% of the funding appropriated for Training and Employment Services (TES) from the Youth, Adult and Dislocated Worker programs to the Department's Chief Evaluation Officer before allotments to states were calculated. Additionally, the Act allows the Secretary to reserve 0.5% of each discretionary appropriation made available to ETA in order to carry out activities related to program integrity.*

BASE (PY 2017)

ADVANCE (FY 2018)

Appropriated and made available on April 1 and July 1 through the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017 dated May 5, 2017.

Funded in the the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017, enacted May 5, 2017 but not made available until October 1, 2017 when the FY 2018 appropriation is passed.

PY 2017 Allotments = Base (PY 2017) + Advance (FY 2018)

April 1, 2017

Release 100% of Program Year
2017 Youth funds

PY 2017 Youth Allotments

July 1, 2017

Release approximately 13% of Program
Year 2017 Adult funds

October 1, 2017

Release approximately 87% of Program Year 2017 Adult funds or
when the FY 2018 appropriation passes.

PY 2017 Adult Allotments

July 1, 2017

Release approximately 15% of Program
Year 2017 Dislocated Workers funds

October 1, 2017

Release approximately 84% of Program Year 2017 Dislocated Workers
funds or when the FY 2018 appropriation passes.

PY 2017 Dislocated Workers Allotments

FY 2018 Advance funds are available for obligations and expenditures on or after October 1, 2017

Delays in issuing the FY 2018 Advance funds may occur if there is a no approved DOL (budget) appropriation.

* **Authorizing legislation** such as WIOA Public Law 113 -128 establishes policies and funding limits for programs and agencies.

** **Appropriations legislation** gives Departments authority to obligate and expend federal funds related to the program authorizations. Appropriations can further restrict the purpose, time, and amount of the program authorizations and through the Anti-Deficiency Act, Departments are prohibited from overobligating or overspending an appropriation. Appropriations legislation would include the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017 (P.L. 115-31), enacted May 5, 2017.

U. S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration

FOR USE IN SUB-STATE ALLOCATION FORMULAS

Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Statutory and Discretionary Formulas for Sub State Allocations

Sub-State Allocations Statutory Formula Descriptions

WIOA Youth Activities

Formula:

1/3: Local area relative share of total unemployed in areas of substantial unemployment (ASU) (average 12 months ending 6/30)

1/3: Local area relative share of excess unemployed (average 12 months ending 6/30)

1/3: Local area relative share of disadvantaged youth (American Community Survey 2006-2010)

Minimums:

A local area may not receive an allocation percentage that is less than 90 percent of the average allocation percentage of the past 2 years.

Maximum: Not allowed

WIOA Adult Activities

Same as Youth Activities, except

Formula uses disadvantaged ADULTS instead of YOUTH

WIOA Dislocated Workers

Formula:

Funds to local areas must be allocated based on a formula created by the Governor using the following 6 data factors:

- (1) Insured unemployment data
- (2) Unemployment concentrations
- (3) Plant closing and mass layoff data
- (4) Declining industries data
- (5) Farmer-rancher economic hardship data
- (6) Long-term unemployment data

The formula will use the most appropriate data available

Weighting a factor zero is not permitted unless a rationale is presented in an approved State Plan.

Minimum:

A local area may not receive an allocation percentage that is less than 90 percent of the average allocation percentage of the past 2 years.

Maximum: Not required, but allowed

Sub-State Allocations Discretionary Formula Descriptions for Youth and Adult Activities

WIOA Youth Activities

Formula:

No less than 70 percent of the funds will be distributed as stated in the statutory formula;

1/3: Local area relative share of total unemployed in areas of substantial unemployment (ASU) (average 12 months ending 6/30)

1/3: Local area relative share of excess unemployed (average 12 months ending 6/30)

1/3: Local area relative share of disadvantaged youth (American Community Survey 2006-2010)

No more than 30 percent of the remaining funds will be distributed using additional data related to both:

- (1) Excess youth poverty in urban, rural, and suburban local areas; **and**
- (2) Excess unemployment above the State average in urban, rural, and suburban local areas

Minimums:

Statutory formula minimum must be applied to 70 percent or greater funds, or to the entire allocation.

Maximum: Not allowed

WIOA Adult Activities

Same as Youth Activities, except

Formula uses disadvantaged ADULTS instead of YOUTH **and** EXCESS POVERTY instead of excess YOUTH poverty

Formula Data Factor Definitions

WIOA Youth and Adults Programs

ASU: contiguous areas with unemployment rate of 6.5 percent or more

Excess unemployed: higher of:

- (1) excess unemployed (unemployment in excess of 4.5 percent) in ASU's; or
- (2) excess unemployed (unemployment in excess of 4.5 percent) in all areas

Disadvantaged adults: individuals, age 22-72, meeting (or member of family meet ng):

Census poverty level or 70 percent of lower living standard income level (LLSIL).

Disadvantaged youth: individuals, age 16-21, meeting (or member of family meet ng):

Census poverty level or 70 percent of lower living standard income level (LLSIL).

U. S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration

Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) and Wagner-Peyser Act Statutory Formulas for State Allotments

State Allotment Formula Descriptions – FOR INFORMATION ONLY

WIOA Youth Activities

Formula:

- 1/3: State relative share of total unemployed in areas of substantial unemployment (ASU) (average 12 months ending 6/30)
- 1/3: State relative share of excess unemployed (average 12 months ending 6/30)
- 1/3: State relative share of disadvantaged youth (American Community Survey 2006-2010)

Minimums:

- (a) If total amount available for States is \$1 billion or less:
State allotment cannot be less than
 - (1) 90 percent of State relative share of prior year funding
 - (2) 0.25 percent of total available funds for States
- (b) If total amount available for States exceeds \$1 billion:
State allotment cannot be less than
 - (1) 90 percent of State relative share of prior year funding
 - (2) 2014 allotment amount (Not applicable for Adult minimum)
 - (3) 0.3 percent of first \$1 billion plus 0.4 percent of amount over \$1 billion

Maximum:

130% of State relative share of prior year funding

WIOA Adult Activities

Same as Youth Activities, except

- (a) Formula uses disadvantaged ADULTS instead of YOUTH
- (b) Threshold for selecting minimum provisions is \$960 million instead of \$1 billion

WIOA Dislocated Workers

Formula:

- 1/3: State relative share of total unemployed (average 12 months ending 09/30)
- 1/3: State relative share of excess unemployed (average 12 months ending 09/30)
- 1/3: State relative share of long-term unemployed (average 12 months ending 09/30)

Minimum: 90 percent of State relative share of prior year funding

Maximum: 130 percent of State relative share of prior year funding

Employment Service (Wagner-Peyser Act)

Formula for 97% of funds:

- 2/3: State relative share of civilian labor force (average 12 months ending 9/30 (preliminary) or 12/31 (final))
- 1/3: State relative share of total unemployment (average 12 months ending 9/30 (preliminary) or 12/31 (final))

Minimums:

- (a) 90 percent of State relative share of prior year funding
- (b) 0.28 percent of total available funds for States

Maximum: None

Distribution of 3% of funds:

- (1) States with civilian labor force below 1 million and under the national median civilian labor force density receive an amount which, when added to their share of the 97 percent portion, will result in an amount equal to 100 percent of their relative share of the prior year funding.
- (2) Remaining States losing in relative share receive a share of the remaining funds prorated based on the amount needed to achieve 100 percent of their relative share of prior year funding.

Formula Data Factor Definitions

WIOA Youth and Adults Programs

ASU: contiguous areas with unemployment rate of 6.5 percent or more

Excess unemployed: higher of:

- (1) excess unemployed (unemployment in excess of 4.5 percent) in ASU's; or
- (2) excess unemployed (unemployment in excess of 4.5 percent) in all areas

Disadvantaged adults: individuals, age 22-72, meeting (or member of family meeting):

Census poverty level or
70 percent of lower living standard income level (LLSIL).

Disadvantaged youth: individuals, age 16-21, meeting (or member of family meeting):

Census poverty level or
70 percent of lower living standard income level (LLSIL).

WIOA Dislocated Workers Program

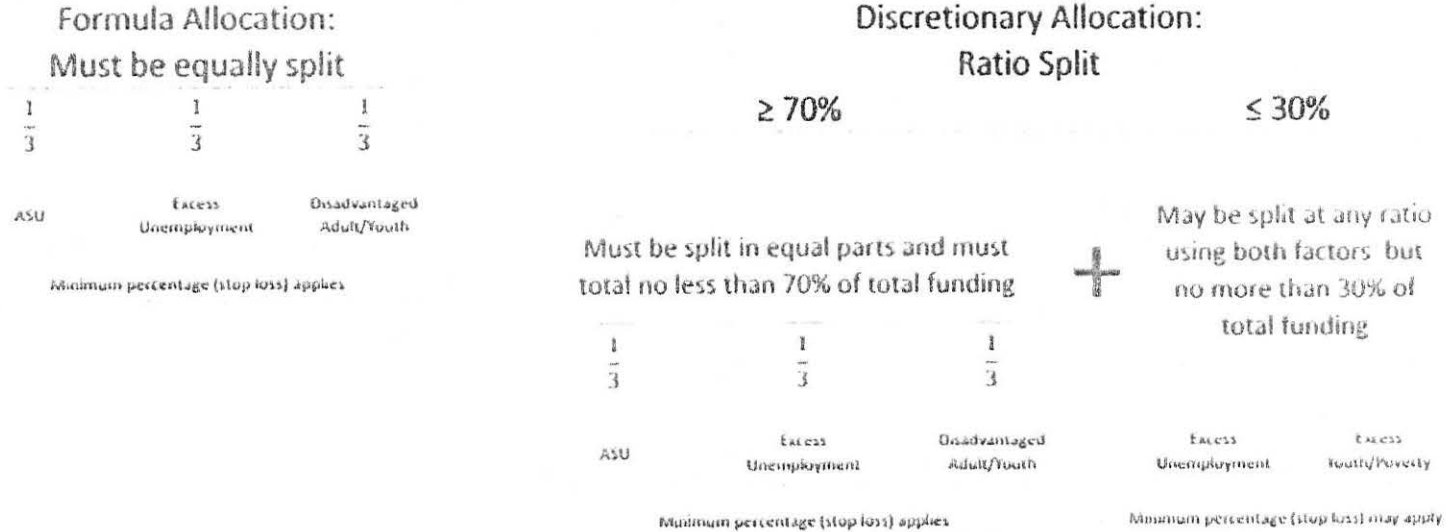
Excess unemployed: unemployment in excess of 4.5 percent

Long-term unemployed: number unemployed 15 or more weeks

Employment Service (Wagner-Peyser) - Self-explanatory

WIOA Youth and Adult Sub-State Allocations:
*Must be allocated to local areas per
 Formula or Discretionary rules*

States must choose one of
 these allocation methods



U.S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
WIOA Youth Activities State Allocations
Comparison of PY 2017 Allocations vs PY 2016 Allocations

State	PY 2016	PY 2017	Difference	% Difference
Total Appropriated	\$873,416,000	\$873,416,000	\$0	0.00%
Total (WIOA Youth Activities)	\$870,931,000	\$866,560,320	(\$4,370,680)	-0.50%
Alabama	13,242,311	15,935,326	2,693,015	20.34%
Alaska	2,296,131	2,749,556	453,365	19.74%
Arizona	20,040,331	21,927,448	1,886,517	9.41%
Arkansas	7,339,730	7,020,353	(319,377)	-10.45%
California	128,788,366	122,708,017	(6,080,349)	-4.72%
Colorado	11,182,305	10,014,113	(1,168,192)	-10.45%
Connecticut	10,313,984	10,349,339	335,375	3.20%
Delaware	2,139,306	2,128,572	(10,734)	-0.50%
District of Columbia	3,086,388	3,048,727	(37,661)	-1.22%
Florida	49,797,759	47,191,033	(2,596,726)	-5.22%
Georgia	30,707,383	27,497,372	(3,209,411)	-10.45%
Hawaii	2,139,306	2,128,572	(10,734)	-0.50%
Idaho	2,944,428	2,836,888	(107,540)	-10.45%
Illinois	40,003,397	45,282,898	5,259,299	13.15%
Indiana	17,064,725	15,281,190	(1,783,536)	-10.45%
Iowa	5,118,005	5,042,166	(75,839)	-1.48%
Kansas	5,186,437	4,828,462	(357,975)	-10.45%
Kentucky	12,361,737	13,006,059	644,322	5.21%
Louisiana	12,548,448	15,937,361	3,388,913	27.01%
Maine	3,208,393	2,373,333	(835,060)	-10.45%
Maryland	14,375,433	13,351,957	(1,023,476)	-7.12%
Massachusetts	15,595,256	13,365,303	(2,229,953)	-10.45%
Michigan	29,709,018	26,803,952	(2,905,066)	-10.45%
Minnesota	3,577,325	8,630,212	5,052,887	141.25%
Mississippi	10,193,883	10,848,837	654,954	6.43%
Missouri	16,472,508	14,750,368	(1,722,140)	-10.45%
Montana	2,139,306	2,128,572	(10,734)	-0.50%
Nebraska	2,291,470	2,432,570	141,100	6.16%
Nevada	9,531,729	9,913,269	381,540	4.00%
New Hampshire	2,139,306	2,128,572	(10,734)	-0.50%
New Jersey	24,398,651	22,296,345	(2,102,306)	-10.45%
New Mexico	6,167,205	7,484,241	1,317,035	21.36%
New York	54,003,637	49,406,010	(4,597,627)	-8.51%
North Carolina	25,235,370	28,746,951	3,511,581	13.92%
North Dakota	2,139,306	2,128,572	(10,734)	-0.50%
Ohio	28,162,375	30,130,209	1,967,834	6.99%
Oklahoma	6,558,813	7,302,022	743,209	11.41%
Oregon	11,441,241	10,245,449	(1,195,792)	-10.45%
Pennsylvania	29,352,888	32,284,894	2,932,006	10.00%
Puerto Rico	23,096,083	23,176,038	79,955	0.34%
Rhode Island	3,380,889	3,582,507	201,618	5.96%
South Carolina	14,336,640	13,332,304	(1,004,336)	-7.00%
South Dakota	2,139,306	2,128,572	(10,734)	-0.50%
Tennessee	18,311,472	16,934,922	(1,376,550)	-10.45%
Texas	51,888,888	58,289,673	6,400,785	12.34%
Utah	3,711,730	3,323,340	(388,390)	-10.45%
Vermont	2,139,306	2,128,572	(10,734)	-0.50%
Virginia	15,728,212	14,084,119	(1,644,093)	-10.45%
Washington	18,966,351	18,561,132	(405,219)	-2.14%
West Virginia	5,350,384	6,247,535	897,151	16.77%
Wisconsin	13,288,135	11,985,441	(1,302,694)	-9.87%
Wyoming	2,139,306	2,128,572	(10,734)	-0.50%
State Total	855,722,367	851,428,500	(4,293,797)	-0.50%
American Samoa	228,351	227,750	(601)	-0.26%
Guam	777,128	773,087	(4,041)	-0.52%
Northern Marianas	424,593	422,385	(2,208)	-0.52%
Palau	75,000	75,000	0	0.00%
Virgin Islands	638,996	635,874	(3,122)	-0.49%
Outlying Areas Total	2,144,868	2,133,908	(10,760)	-0.50%
Native Americans	13,063,865	12,998,414	(65,451)	-0.50%
Evaluations set aside	2,485,000	2,488,000	3,000	0.12%
Program Integrity set aside	0	4,367,080	4,367,080	N/A

U.S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
WIOA Adult Activities State Allotments
Comparison of PY 2017 Allotments vs PY 2016 Allotments

State	PY 2016	PY 2017	Difference	% Difference
Total Appropriated	\$815,556,000	\$815,556,000	\$0	0.00%
Total (WIOA Adult Activities)	\$813,235,000	\$809,155,220	(\$4,079,780)	-0.50%
Alabama	12,355,265	15,399,354	2,544,089	19.79%
Alaska	2,141,082	2,571,516	430,434	20.10%
Arizona	18,379,837	20,873,071	1,793,234	9.50%
Arkansas	7,472,999	6,691,889	(781,010)	-10.45%
California	123,210,917	117,464,801	(5,746,016)	-4.66%
Colorado	10,370,217	9,286,373	(1,083,844)	-10.45%
Connecticut	9,481,516	9,998,829	517,113	5.45%
Delaware	2,028,005	2,017,831	(10,174)	-0.50%
District of Columbia	2,829,541	2,797,188	(32,453)	-1.15%
Florida	49,511,527	47,011,004	(2,500,523)	-5.05%
Georgia	29,416,706	28,342,217	(3,074,489)	-10.45%
Hawaii	2,028,005	2,017,831	(10,174)	-0.50%
Idaho	2,734,779	2,448,953	(285,826)	-10.45%
Illinois	37,518,214	42,455,721	4,937,507	13.16%
Indiana	15,474,763	13,857,417	(1,617,346)	-10.45%
Iowa	3,662,040	3,620,871	(41,169)	-1.12%
Kansas	4,279,457	3,832,189	(447,268)	-10.45%
Kentucky	13,185,700	13,297,308	111,608	0.85%
Louisiana	12,032,822	15,196,124	3,163,302	26.29%
Maine	2,914,099	2,609,532	(304,567)	-10.45%
Maryland	13,348,546	12,390,856	(957,690)	-7.17%
Massachusetts	13,911,495	12,457,504	(1,453,991)	-10.45%
Michigan	27,194,798	24,352,532	(2,842,266)	-10.45%
Minnesota	7,336,969	7,225,304	(111,665)	-1.51%
Mississippi	9,714,582	10,146,473	431,896	4.45%
Missouri	15,350,715	13,746,334	(1,604,381)	-10.45%
Montana	2,028,005	2,017,831	(10,174)	-0.50%
Nebraska	2,028,005	2,017,831	(10,174)	-0.50%
Nevada	9,285,903	9,643,279	357,376	3.85%
New Hampshire	2,028,005	2,017,831	(10,174)	-0.50%
New Jersey	24,058,170	21,541,938	(2,514,232)	-10.45%
New Mexico	5,913,046	7,159,148	1,246,102	21.07%
New York	52,214,166	47,853,408	(4,360,758)	-8.35%
North Carolina	24,108,820	27,433,397	3,324,577	13.79%
North Dakota	2,028,005	2,017,831	(10,174)	-0.50%
Ohio	26,068,489	27,953,259	1,884,770	7.23%
Oklahoma	6,320,826	7,504,490	1,183,664	18.73%
Oregon	10,949,876	9,805,449	(1,144,427)	-10.45%
Pennsylvania	25,866,202	29,375,775	2,509,573	9.34%
Puerto Rico	24,742,775	26,548,382	1,804,087	7.29%
Rhode Island	3,373,076	3,065,937	(307,139)	-9.11%
South Carolina	14,080,837	13,413,830	(667,007)	-4.74%
South Dakota	2,028,005	2,017,831	(10,174)	-0.50%
Tennessee	18,374,267	16,453,879	(1,920,388)	-10.45%
Texas	49,440,010	55,507,822	6,067,812	12.27%
Utah	3,118,753	2,791,005	(327,748)	-10.45%
Vermont	2,028,005	2,017,831	(10,174)	-0.50%
Virginia	14,623,934	13,095,513	(1,528,421)	-10.45%
Washington	17,705,363	17,333,734	(371,629)	-2.10%
West Virginia	5,358,273	6,199,542	843,269	15.74%
Wisconsin	11,524,695	10,320,191	(1,204,504)	-10.45%
Wyoming	2,028,005	2,017,831	(10,174)	-0.50%
State Total	811,201,912	807,132,332	(4,069,580)	-0.50%
American Samoa	216,608	215,479	(1,129)	-0.52%
Guam	735,231	731,402	(3,829)	-0.52%
Northern Marianas	401,702	399,809	(1,893)	-0.52%
Palau	75,000	75,000	0	0.00%
Virgin Islands	604,547	601,398	(3,149)	-0.52%
Outlying Areas Total	2,933,088	2,922,888	(10,200)	-0.50%
Evaluations set aside	2,321,000	2,323,000	2,000	0.09%
Program integrity set aside	0	4,077,790	4,077,790	N/A

U S Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
WIOA Adult Activities
PY 2017 State Allotments

State	Total	7/1/2017	10/1/2017
Total Appropriated	\$815,556,000	\$103,556,000	\$712,000,000
Total (WIOA Adult Activities)	\$809,155,220	\$103,038,220	\$706,117,000
Alabama	15,399,354	1,960,961	13,438,393
Alaska	2,571,518	327,458	2,244,058
Arizona	20,673,071	2,832,519	18,040,552
Arkansas	6,691,689	852,123	5,839,566
California	117,464,601	14,357,999	102,506,602
Colorado	9,286,373	1,182,531	8,103,842
Connecticut	9,998,829	1,273,230	8,725,399
Delaware	2,017,831	258,952	1,760,879
District of Columbia	2,797,188	356,195	2,440,993
Florida	47,011,004	5,988,404	41,024,600
Georgia	26,342,217	3,354,431	22,987,786
Hawaii	2,017,831	258,952	1,760,879
Idaho	2,448,953	311,851	2,137,102
Illinois	42,455,721	5,406,332	37,049,389
Indiana	13,357,417	1,764,810	12,092,807
Iowa	3,820,871	481,083	3,159,788
Kansas	3,832,189	487,993	3,344,196
Kentucky	13,297,308	1,893,286	11,604,022
Louisiana	15,196,124	1,935,082	13,281,042
Maine	2,809,532	332,299	2,277,233
Maryland	12,390,858	1,577,858	10,812,998
Massachusetts	12,457,534	1,586,348	10,871,186
Michigan	24,352,532	3,101,083	21,251,469
Minnesota	7,225,904	920,150	6,305,754
Mississippi	10,148,478	1,292,057	8,854,421
Missouri	13,746,334	1,750,485	11,995,869
Montana	2,017,831	258,952	1,760,879
Nebraska	2,017,831	258,952	1,760,879
Nevada	9,643,279	1,227,980	8,415,299
New Hampshire	2,017,831	258,952	1,760,879
New Jersey	21,541,938	2,743,181	18,798,777
New Mexico	7,159,148	911,849	6,247,499
New York	47,853,408	6,093,878	41,759,732
North Carolina	27,433,397	3,493,382	23,940,015
North Dakota	2,017,831	258,952	1,760,879
Ohio	27,953,259	3,569,582	24,393,677
Oklahoma	7,504,490	955,825	6,548,665
Oregon	9,305,449	1,248,831	8,556,618
Pennsylvania	29,375,775	3,740,725	25,635,050
Puerto Rico	26,846,862	3,393,224	23,253,638
Rhode Island	3,085,937	390,418	2,875,519
South Carolina	13,413,830	1,708,124	11,705,706
South Dakota	2,017,831	258,952	1,760,879
Tennessee	16,433,879	2,095,245	14,358,634
Texas	55,507,822	7,068,393	48,439,429
Utah	2,791,005	355,408	2,435,597
Vermont	2,017,831	258,952	1,760,879
Virginia	11,095,513	1,687,589	11,427,924
Washington	17,333,734	2,207,288	15,126,448
West Virginia	8,199,542	789,453	5,410,089
Wisconsin	10,320,191	1,314,178	9,006,013
Wyoming	2,017,831	258,952	1,760,879
State Total	807,132,312	102,780,625	704,351,707
American Samoa	215,479	27,439	188,040
Guam	731,402	93,137	638,265
Northern Marianas	399,609	50,886	348,723
Palau	75,000	9,551	65,449
Virgin Islands	601,398	78,582	524,816
Outlying Areas Total	2,022,888	257,595	1,765,293
Evaluations set aside	2,323,000	0	2,323,000
Program Integrity set aside	4,077,780	517,780	3,560,000

U.S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
WIOA Dislocated Worker Activities State Allocations
Comparison of PY 2017 Allocations vs PY 2016 Allocations

State	PY 2016	PY 2017	Difference	% Difference
Total Appropriated	\$1,241,719,000	\$1,241,719,000	\$0	0.00%
Total (WIOA Dislocated Worker Activities)	\$1,238,186,000	\$1,231,974,405	(\$6,211,595)	-0.50%
Alabama	16,427,375	20,379,198	4,551,223	27.70%
Alaska	2,354,009	3,891,597	837,588	29.35%
Arizona	25,029,051	25,219,541	190,490	0.76%
Arkansas	7,757,044	8,946,313	(810,731)	-10.45%
California	169,844,378	151,913,310	(17,730,466)	-10.45%
Colorado	12,323,381	11,035,397	(1,287,984)	-10.45%
Connecticut	14,353,397	15,909,308	1,555,211	10.84%
Delaware	2,349,277	2,103,741	(245,536)	-10.45%
District of Columbia	4,499,321	4,370,170	370,349	8.23%
Florida	55,053,795	58,254,857	(6,799,129)	-10.45%
Georgia	40,521,426	38,286,309	(4,235,117)	-10.45%
Hawaii	1,894,161	1,757,907	(136,254)	-7.19%
Idaho	2,385,440	2,136,125	(249,315)	-10.45%
Illinois	52,783,567	58,248,493	15,464,926	29.35%
Indiana	17,062,301	15,279,474	(1,782,827)	-10.45%
Iowa	4,004,173	4,495,013	490,837	12.28%
Kansas	4,809,331	4,508,709	(10,122)	-2.19%
Kentucky	14,873,888	13,349,199	(824,489)	-5.52%
Louisiana	12,342,192	15,578,308	3,534,114	29.35%
Maine	3,249,344	2,910,185	(339,359)	-10.45%
Maryland	18,580,386	16,808,448	(1,341,338)	-10.45%
Massachusetts	19,237,457	17,226,345	(2,010,812)	-10.45%
Michigan	38,259,049	32,469,417	(3,789,332)	-10.45%
Minnesota	7,537,384	7,581,355	143,371	1.91%
Mississippi	11,828,308	13,380,358	2,034,050	17.20%
Missouri	17,142,075	15,350,483	(1,791,512)	-10.45%
Montana	1,537,408	1,893,774	158,368	10.17%
Nebraska	1,824,043	2,359,359	535,318	29.35%
Nevada	14,417,704	15,103,430	685,726	4.78%
New Hampshire	2,130,457	1,907,791	(222,666)	-10.45%
New Jersey	38,309,709	34,753,493	(4,356,216)	-10.45%
New Mexico	7,937,300	10,286,720	2,329,420	29.35%
New York	62,428,888	55,904,102	(6,524,786)	-10.45%
North Carolina	31,022,721	32,747,320	1,724,599	5.56%
North Dakota	728,444	881,051	152,607	20.95%
Ohio	30,539,737	29,804,480	(735,207)	-2.41%
Oklahoma	5,378,790	8,354,719	1,577,959	29.35%
Oregon	14,140,167	12,382,300	(1,477,867)	-10.45%
Pennsylvania	38,591,154	42,289,188	5,998,014	15.57%
Puerto Rico	25,824,090	33,402,382	7,578,792	29.35%
Rhode Island	5,005,833	4,482,467	(523,168)	-10.45%
South Carolina	16,310,315	16,832,583	522,248	3.20%
South Dakota	1,070,734	958,326	(111,908)	-10.45%
Tennessee	23,148,817	20,727,437	(2,419,180)	-10.45%
Texas	50,297,194	49,097,497	(1,199,697)	-2.39%
Utah	3,143,067	3,327,378	784,311	24.95%
Vermont	890,075	797,048	(93,027)	-10.45%
Virginia	16,345,520	15,174,451	(1,771,069)	-10.45%
Washington	22,462,284	29,054,482	8,592,178	29.35%
West Virginia	8,291,289	8,137,816	1,848,347	29.35%
Wisconsin	14,280,128	12,769,724	(1,490,404)	-10.45%
Wyoming	740,333	957,604	217,271	29.35%
State Total	1,017,955,000	1,012,347,700	(5,107,300)	-0.50%
American Samoa	329,795	328,076	(1,719)	-0.52%
Guam	1,119,421	1,113,592	(5,829)	-0.52%
Northern Marianas	811,609	808,422	(3,187)	-0.52%
Palau	114,191	114,191	0	0.00%
Virgin Islands	920,449	915,355	(4,794)	-0.52%
Outlying Areas Total	3,095,465	3,079,336	(15,529)	-0.50%
National Reserve*	217,135,535	218,048,769	(1,088,786)	-0.50%
Evaluations set aside	3,533,000	3,536,000	3,000	0.08%
Program Integrity set aside	0	6,208,595	6,208,595	N/A

* The PY 2016 Dislocated Worker National Reserve amount reflects the initial appropriation; however, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017 contained a \$75M rescission to the Dislocated Worker National Reserve, decreasing funding in that category to \$142,135,535.

U. S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
WIOA Dislocated Worker Activities
PY 2017 State Allotments

State	Total	7/1/2017	10/1/2017
Total Appropriated	\$1,241,719,000	\$181,719,000	\$1,060,000,000
Total (WIOA Dislocated Worker Activities)	\$1,231,974,405	\$180,310,405	\$1,051,164,000
Alabama	20,979,198	3,315,247	17,663,951
Alaska	3,891,597	583,368	3,108,231
Arizona	25,219,541	3,985,329	21,234,212
Arkansas	6,946,313	1,097,894	5,848,619
California	151,913,910	24,008,262	127,907,648
Colorado	11,035,397	1,743,373	9,291,524
Connecticut	15,909,908	2,514,170	13,395,738
Delaware	2,103,741	332,445	1,771,296
District of Columbia	4,370,170	769,611	4,100,559
Florida	58,254,657	9,205,718	49,048,939
Georgia	36,286,309	5,734,160	30,552,149
Hawaii	1,757,907	277,794	1,480,113
Idaho	2,136,125	337,582	1,798,563
Illinois	88,248,493	10,784,998	57,463,495
Indiana	15,279,474	2,414,546	12,864,928
Iowa	4,495,013	710,326	3,784,687
Kansas	4,508,709	712,491	3,796,218
Kentucky	13,349,199	2,188,526	11,160,673
Louisiana	15,576,306	2,461,453	13,114,853
Maine	2,910,185	459,883	2,450,302
Maryland	16,638,448	2,629,298	14,009,150
Massachusetts	17,226,845	2,722,280	14,504,565
Michigan	32,489,417	5,130,994	27,358,423
Minnesota	7,881,855	1,213,928	6,667,927
Mississippi	13,860,858	2,190,368	11,670,490
Missouri	15,350,463	2,425,764	12,924,699
Montana	1,893,774	267,659	1,426,115
Nebraska	2,359,359	372,339	1,986,520
Nevada	15,103,430	2,388,728	12,714,704
New Hampshire	1,907,791	301,480	1,606,311
New Jersey	34,753,493	5,491,936	29,261,557
New Mexico	10,266,720	1,622,403	8,644,317
New York	55,904,102	8,834,270	47,069,832
North Carolina	32,747,320	5,174,910	27,572,410
North Dakota	881,051	139,228	741,823
Ohio	29,804,480	4,709,166	25,094,614
Oklahoma	6,954,719	1,099,022	5,855,697
Oregon	12,662,300	2,000,365	10,661,935
Pennsylvania	42,289,188	6,882,764	35,406,404
Puerto Rico	33,402,882	5,273,805	28,129,077
Rhode Island	4,482,467	708,344	3,774,123
South Carolina	16,832,583	2,659,373	14,172,590
South Dakota	958,826	151,519	807,307
Tennessee	20,727,437	3,275,482	17,451,955
Texas	49,097,497	7,758,353	41,339,144
Utah	3,927,378	620,326	3,307,052
Vermont	797,048	125,354	671,694
Virginia	15,174,451	2,397,949	12,776,502
Washington	29,054,462	4,591,344	24,463,118
West Virginia	8,137,818	1,285,950	6,851,868
Wisconsin	12,789,724	2,017,941	10,771,783
Wyoming	957,804	131,326	826,478
State Total	1,012,847,700	160,955,700	852,792,000
American Samoa	328,076	31,074	297,002
Guam	1,113,592	105,474	1,008,118
Northern Marianas	608,422	57,827	550,795
Palau	114,191	10,316	103,375
Virgin Islands	915,655	86,727	828,928
Outlying Areas Total	3,079,936	291,718	2,788,218
National Reserve Total	216,046,769	20,462,987	195,583,782
Evaluations set aside	3,536,000	0	3,536,000
Program Integrity set aside	6,208,595	908,595	5,300,000

U. S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
Employment Service (Wagner-Peyser)
PY 2017 vs PY 2016 Final Allotments

State	Final PY 2016	Final PY 2017	Difference	% Difference
Total Appropriated	\$680,000,000	\$671,413,000	(\$8,587,000)	-1.26%
Total (WIOA ES Activities)	\$673,155,000	\$666,229,335	(\$11,925,665)	-1.78%
Alabama	3,370,363	9,027,135	56,472	0.53%
Alaska	7,371,368	7,242,237	(129,831)	-1.76%
Arizona	13,211,577	12,978,329	(232,648)	-1.76%
Arkansas	5,397,894	5,217,919	(179,975)	-3.33%
California	80,968,393	78,969,300	(1,998,493)	-2.47%
Colorado	10,789,931	10,468,606	(321,325)	-2.98%
Connecticut	7,765,324	7,612,739	(152,585)	-1.96%
Delaware	1,894,205	1,860,897	(33,308)	-1.76%
District of Columbia	2,096,429	2,015,455	(80,974)	-3.86%
Florida	39,144,904	38,312,400	(832,504)	-2.13%
Georgia	20,216,693	19,771,269	(445,424)	-2.20%
Hawaii	2,428,329	2,380,038	(48,593)	-2.00%
Idaho	6,142,079	6,034,073	(108,006)	-1.76%
Illinois	28,115,306	27,568,320	(546,986)	-1.95%
Indiana	13,000,193	12,751,883	(248,310)	-1.91%
Iowa	6,188,392	6,179,048	(9,344)	-0.21%
Kansas	5,618,970	5,509,361	(109,009)	-1.94%
Kentucky	8,515,817	8,242,605	(273,212)	-3.21%
Louisiana	9,250,226	9,072,599	(177,627)	-1.92%
Maine	3,652,636	3,588,406	(64,230)	-1.76%
Maryland	12,506,024	12,194,677	(311,347)	-2.49%
Massachusetts	13,897,531	13,481,619	(415,912)	-2.99%
Michigan	21,131,809	20,282,456	(849,353)	-4.02%
Minnesota	11,125,457	10,916,792	(208,665)	-1.88%
Mississippi	5,700,269	5,540,675	(159,594)	-2.80%
Missouri	12,359,052	12,085,367	(273,685)	-2.21%
Montana	5,019,337	4,931,074	(88,263)	-1.76%
Nebraska	5,520,741	5,270,850	(250,091)	-4.53%
Nevada	6,211,983	6,059,257	(152,726)	-2.46%
New Hampshire	2,994,892	2,811,819	(183,073)	-6.11%
New Jersey	19,315,882	18,888,255	(427,627)	-2.21%
New Mexico	5,832,581	5,533,534	(299,047)	-5.13%
New York	39,157,376	38,225,469	(931,907)	-2.38%
North Carolina	19,761,644	19,331,991	(429,653)	-2.17%
North Dakota	5,111,188	5,021,310	(89,878)	-1.76%
Ohio	23,704,298	23,079,542	(624,756)	-2.64%
Oklahoma	6,861,466	7,090,070	228,604	3.33%
Oregon	8,237,229	8,065,602	(171,627)	-2.08%
Pennsylvania	26,031,932	26,109,470	77,538	0.30%
Puerto Rico	6,909,223	6,712,967	(196,256)	-2.84%
Rhode Island	2,459,092	2,370,967	(88,125)	-3.58%
South Carolina	9,472,249	9,245,152	(227,097)	-2.40%
South Dakota	4,723,913	4,640,845	(83,068)	-1.76%
Tennessee	12,834,215	12,465,126	(369,089)	-2.88%
Texas	49,277,528	50,422,012	1,144,484	2.32%
Utah	6,299,178	6,013,824	(285,354)	-4.53%
Vermont	2,212,949	2,174,035	(38,914)	-1.76%
Virginia	16,206,026	15,901,143	(304,883)	-1.88%
Washington	14,323,487	14,789,360	465,873	3.25%
West Virginia	5,406,984	5,311,905	(95,079)	-1.76%
Wisconsin	12,013,389	11,756,933	(256,456)	-2.13%
Wyoming	3,685,041	3,600,593	(84,448)	-2.29%
State Total	\$73,501,894	\$64,805,898	(\$11,895,996)	-1.75%
Guam	317,324	311,744	(5,580)	-1.76%
Virgin Islands	1,335,782	1,312,293	(23,489)	-1.76%
Outlying Areas Total	1,653,106	1,624,037	(29,069)	-1.76%
Evaluations set aside	1,845,000	1,826,000	(19,000)	-1.03%
Program Integrity set aside	0	3,357,065	3,357,065	N/A

U. S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
Workforce Information Grants to States
PY 2017 vs PY 2016 Allotments

State	PY 2018	PY 2017	Difference	% Difference
Total with Program Integrity	\$32,000,000	\$32,000,000	\$0	0.00%
Total	\$32,000,000	\$31,840,000	(\$180,000)	-0.50%
Alabama	503,955	500,553	(3,302)	-0.66%
Alaska	288,924	286,485	(2,439)	-0.84%
Arizona	624,575	625,139	564	0.09%
Arkansas	405,098	404,113	(985)	-0.24%
California	2,535,716	2,515,226	(20,490)	-0.81%
Colorado	585,592	585,031	(561)	-0.10%
Connecticut	475,078	468,956	(6,122)	-1.29%
Delaware	300,301	300,334	33	0.01%
District of Columbia	291,253	290,313	(940)	-0.32%
Florida	1,405,557	1,402,184	(3,373)	-0.24%
Georgia	818,650	819,842	992	0.12%
Hawaii	326,170	325,006	(1,164)	-0.36%
Idaho	340,258	339,637	(621)	-0.18%
Illinois	1,030,239	1,026,731	(3,508)	-0.34%
Indiana	838,032	840,403	2,371	0.37%
Iowa	451,225	447,097	(4,128)	-0.91%
Kansas	425,110	421,676	(3,434)	-0.81%
Kentucky	482,822	477,894	(5,128)	-1.06%
Louisiana	509,684	498,566	(11,118)	-2.18%
Maine	328,137	324,364	(3,773)	-1.15%
Maryland	622,922	619,671	(3,251)	-0.52%
Massachusetts	679,330	670,024	(9,306)	-1.44%
Michigan	817,841	816,135	(1,706)	-0.21%
Minnesota	607,806	603,738	(3,888)	-0.64%
Mississippi	395,692	396,216	524	0.13%
Missouri	617,432	616,601	(831)	-0.13%
Montana	307,795	305,779	(2,016)	-0.65%
Nabraska	367,292	364,584	(2,708)	-0.74%
Nevada	415,509	413,767	(1,742)	-0.42%
New Hampshire	334,684	332,445	(2,239)	-0.67%
New Jersey	793,083	786,208	(6,875)	-0.87%
New Mexico	356,477	353,041	(3,436)	-0.96%
New York	1,405,521	1,394,819	(10,702)	-0.76%
North Carolina	814,035	816,832	2,797	0.34%
North Dakota	295,165	293,299	(1,866)	-0.63%
Ohio	938,822	927,722	(9,100)	-0.97%
Oklahoma	465,408	462,774	(2,634)	-0.57%
Oregon	480,039	485,244	5,205	1.08%
Pennsylvania	1,016,843	1,015,467	(1,376)	-0.14%
Puerto Rico	382,050	378,636	(3,414)	-0.89%
Rhode Island	311,738	309,389	(2,349)	-0.75%
South Carolina	515,528	515,922	394	0.08%
South Dakota	299,424	297,615	(1,809)	-0.60%
Tennessee	612,772	614,415	1,643	0.27%
Texas	1,828,910	1,819,094	(9,816)	-0.54%
Utah	420,937	420,394	(543)	-0.13%
Vermont	286,842	284,535	(2,307)	-0.80%
Virginia	757,553	745,883	(11,670)	-1.54%
Washington	671,496	672,748	1,252	0.19%
West Virginia	339,090	336,852	(2,238)	-0.66%
Wisconsin	618,500	615,095	(3,405)	-0.55%
Wyoming	281,988	279,390	(2,598)	-0.92%
State Total	31,823,200	31,863,584	(159,816)	-0.50%
Guam	93,090	92,875	(215)	-0.23%
Virgin Islands	83,710	83,541	(169)	-0.20%
Outlying Areas Total	176,800	176,416	(384)	-0.22%
Program Integrity set aside	0	160,000	160,000	N/A

**LOCAL AREA PLANNING ALLOCATION
FOR PROGRAM YEAR 2017
(July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018)**

		PY 2017 Allotment	FY 2018 Allotment	Full PY Allotment
SEC. 133(b)(2)(A) ADULT PROGRAMS		\$1,960,961	\$13,438,393	\$15,399,354
a. GOVERNOR's SET ASIDES:	12%	\$235,315	\$1,612,607	\$1,847,922
Administration (5%)		\$98,048	\$671,919	\$769,967
Other WIOA Activities (7%)		\$137,267	\$940,688	\$1,077,955
Incent/Cap. Bldng. (3%)		\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Area Grants (100%)		\$0	\$0	\$0
State-level (0%)		\$0	\$0	\$0
b. LOCAL AREA ADULT PROGRAMS	88%	1,725,646	11,825,786	13,551,432
REGION 1		\$463,683	\$3,177,600	\$3,641,283
REGION 2		\$156,076	\$1,069,586	\$1,225,662
REGION 3		\$135,969	\$931,787	\$1,067,756
REGION 4		\$218,183	\$1,495,200	\$1,713,383
REGION 5		\$227,563	\$1,559,483	\$1,787,046
REGION 6		\$128,548	\$880,934	\$1,009,482
REGION 7		\$395,624	\$2,711,196	\$3,106,820
SEC. 128(b)(2) YOUTH ALLOTMENT		\$15,935,826	\$0	\$15,935,826
a. GOVERNOR's SET ASIDES:	12%	\$1,912,299	\$0	\$1,912,299
Administration (5%)		\$796,791	\$0	\$796,791
Other WIOA Activities (7%)		\$1,115,508	\$0	\$1,115,508
Incent/Cap. Bldng. (0%)		\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Area Grants (0%)		\$0	\$0	\$0
State-level (0%)		\$0	\$0	\$0
b. LOCAL AREA YOUTH PROGRAMS	88%	\$14,023,527	\$0	\$14,023,527
REGION 1		\$3,661,002	\$0	\$3,661,002
REGION 2		\$1,195,647	\$0	\$1,195,647
REGION 3		\$1,359,551	\$0	\$1,359,551
REGION 4		\$1,709,631	\$0	\$1,709,631
REGION 5		\$1,957,028	\$0	\$1,957,028
REGION 6		\$1,030,861	\$0	\$1,030,861
REGION 7		\$3,109,807	\$0	\$3,109,807

**LOCAL AREA PLANNING ALLOCATION
FOR PROGRAM YEAR 2017
(July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018)**

		PY 2017 Allotment	FY 2018 Allotment	Full PY Allotment
SEC. 133(b)(2)(B) DISLOCATED WORKERS		\$3,315,247	\$17,663,951	\$20,979,198
		\$0		\$0
		\$3,315,247	\$17,663,951	\$20,979,198
a. RAPID RESPONSE PROGRAMS	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0
b. GOVERNOR's SET ASIDES:	12%	\$397,829	\$2,119,674	\$2,517,503
Administration (5%)		\$165,762	\$883,197	\$1,048,959
Other WIOA Activities (7%)		\$232,067	\$1,236,477	\$1,468,544
Incent/Cap. Bldng. (0%)		\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Area Grants (0%)		\$0	\$0	\$0
State-level (0%)		\$0	\$0	\$0
c. LOCAL AREA D.W. PROGRAMS	88%	\$2,917,418	\$15,544,277	\$18,461,695
REGION 1		\$636,320	\$3,390,375	\$4,026,695
REGION 2		\$462,887	\$2,466,305	\$2,929,192
REGION 3		\$148,290	\$790,101	\$938,391
REGION 4		\$391,460	\$2,085,737	\$2,477,197
REGION 5		\$440,017	\$2,344,453	\$2,784,470
REGION 6		\$364,304	\$1,941,045	\$2,305,349
REGION 7		\$474,140	\$2,526,261	\$3,000,401
TOTAL PROGRAM YEAR ALLOTMENT		\$21,212,034	\$31,102,344	\$52,314,378

**LOCAL AREA PLANNING ALLOCATION
FOR PROGRAM YEAR 2017
(July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018)**

		PY 2017 Allotment	FY 2018 Allotment	Full PY Allotment
POOLED SET ASIDES				
RAPID RESPONSE PROGRAMS	0%	\$0	\$0	\$0
Administration (5%)		\$1,060,601	\$1,555,116	\$2,615,717
Other WIOA Activities (7%)		\$1,484,842	\$2,177,165	\$3,662,007
Incentive Awards/Capacity Building (0%)		\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Area grants (0%)		\$0	\$0	\$0
REGION 1		N/A	N/A	N/A
REGION 2		N/A	N/A	N/A
REGION 3		N/A	N/A	N/A
REGION 4		N/A	N/A	N/A
REGION 5		N/A	N/A	N/A
REGION 6		N/A	N/A	N/A
REGION 7		N/A	N/A	N/A
State-level activities (0%)		\$0	\$0	\$0
REGION 1				
ADULT		\$463,683	\$3,177,600	\$3,641,283
YOUTH		\$3,661,002	\$0	\$3,661,002
DISLOCATED WORKER		\$636,320	\$3,390,375	\$4,026,695
TOTAL LOCAL AREA FUNDS		<u>\$4,761,005</u>	<u>\$6,567,975</u>	<u>\$11,328,980</u>
REGION 2				
ADULT		\$156,076	\$1,069,586	\$1,225,662
YOUTH		\$1,195,647	\$0	\$1,195,647
DISLOCATED WORKER		\$462,887	\$2,466,305	\$2,929,192
TOTAL LOCAL AREA FUNDS		<u>\$1,814,610</u>	<u>\$3,535,891</u>	<u>\$5,350,501</u>
REGION 3				
ADULT		\$135,969	\$931,787	\$1,067,756
YOUTH		\$1,359,551	\$0	\$1,359,551
DISLOCATED WORKER		\$148,290	\$790,101	\$938,391
TOTAL LOCAL AREA FUNDS		<u>\$1,643,810</u>	<u>\$1,721,888</u>	<u>\$3,365,698</u>

**LOCAL AREA PLANNING ALLOCATION
FOR PROGRAM YEAR 2017
(July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018)**

	PY 2017 Allotment	FY 2018 Allotment	Full PY Allotment
REGION 4			
ADULT	\$218,183	\$1,495,200	\$1,713,383
YOUTH	\$1,709,631	\$0	\$1,709,631
DISLOCATED WORKER	\$391,460	\$2,085,737	\$2,477,197
TOTAL STATE-LEVEL FUNDS	<u><u>\$2,319,274</u></u>	<u><u>\$3,580,937</u></u>	<u><u>\$5,900,211</u></u>
REGION 5			
ADULT	\$227,563	\$1,559,483	\$1,787,046
YOUTH	\$1,957,028	\$0	\$1,957,028
DISLOCATED WORKER	\$440,017	\$2,344,453	\$2,784,470
TOTAL LOCAL AREA FUNDS	<u><u>\$2,624,608</u></u>	<u><u>\$3,903,936</u></u>	<u><u>\$6,528,544</u></u>
REGION 6			
ADULT	\$128,548	\$880,934	\$1,009,482
YOUTH	\$1,030,861	\$0	\$1,030,861
DISLOCATED WORKER	\$364,304	\$1,941,045	\$2,305,349
TOTAL LOCAL AREA FUNDS	<u><u>\$1,523,713</u></u>	<u><u>\$2,821,979</u></u>	<u><u>\$4,345,692</u></u>
REGION 7			
ADULT	\$395,624	\$2,711,196	\$3,106,820
YOUTH	\$3,109,807	\$0	\$3,109,807
DISLOCATED WORKER	\$474,140	\$2,526,261	\$3,000,401
TOTAL LOCAL AREA FUNDS	<u><u>\$3,979,571</u></u>	<u><u>\$5,237,457</u></u>	<u><u>\$9,217,028</u></u>
STATEWIDE			
ADULT	\$235,315	\$1,612,607	\$1,847,922
YOUTH	\$1,912,299	\$0	\$1,912,299
DISLOCATED WORKER	\$397,829	\$2,119,674	\$2,517,503
RAPID RESPONSE	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL STATE-LEVEL FUNDS	<u><u>\$2,545,443</u></u>	<u><u>\$3,732,281</u></u>	<u><u>\$6,277,724</u></u>
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	<u><u>\$21,212,034</u></u>	<u><u>\$31,102,344</u></u>	<u><u>\$52,314,378</u></u>